CITY OF VANCOUVER BRITISH COLUMBIA



CODE OF CONDUCT BY-LAW NO. 12886

This By-law is printed under and by authority of the Council of the City of Vancouver

(Consolidated for convenience only to October 3, 2023)

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BY-LAW NO. 12886

The Code of Conduct for Council Members and Advisory Board Members

[Consolidated for convenience only, amended to include By-law No. 13793, effective October 3, 2023]

THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF VANCOUVER, in public meeting, enacts the following:

PART 1 GENERAL

Name

1.1 The name of this By-law, for citation is the "Code of Conduct By-Law".

Definitions

1.2 In this By-law:

"Advisory Board Member" means a person sitting on an advisory committee, task force, commission, board, or other Council-established body;

"city" means the City of Vancouver;

"complaint" means a formal allegation that a member has breached this By-law submitted to the Integrity Commissioner in accordance with the complaints procedure set out in Part 6 of this By-Law;

"complainant" means a person who has submitted a complaint to the Integrity Commissioner;

"confidential information" means information that is not publicly available and is treated as confidential by the city and includes information that may or must be considered by Council in a closed meeting pursuant to section 165.2 of the *Vancouver Charter* including:

- decisions, resolutions or report contents forming part of the agenda for or from a closed meeting of Council until a Council decision has been made for the information to become public or otherwise released;
- b) information about the acquisition, disposition or expropriation of land or improvements if disclosure could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the city;

- c) negotiations and related discussions respecting the proposed provision of an activity, work or facility that are at their preliminary stages if disclosure could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the city;
- d) advice that is subject to any privilege at law; and
- e) personal information that is prohibited from disclosure under the provisions of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*;

"Council" means the Council of the city;

"Council Member" means a member of Council, including the Mayor;

"Integrity Commissioner" means the person appointed by Council to fulfill the duties and responsibilities assigned to that position as set out in this By-law;

"gift or personal benefit" means an item or service of value that is received by a member for their personal use including money, gift cards, tickets to events, clothing, jewelry, pens, food or beverages, discount/rebates on personal purchases, entertainment, participation in sport and recreation activities, and invitations to social functions;

"member" means a Council Member or an Advisory Board Member;

"personal information" means recorded information about an identifiable individual other than contact information as defined in Schedule 1 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*; and

"respondent" means a member whose conduct is the subject of a complaint.

Table of Contents

1.3 The table of contents for this By-law is for convenient reference only, and is not for use in interpreting or enforcing this By-law.

Purpose

1.4 This By-law sets out the rules members must follow in fulfilling their duties and responsibilities as elected or appointed officials, and the powers and procedures of the Integrity Commissioner in exercising oversight over members.

Application

- 1.5 This By-law applies to Council Members and Advisory Board Members.
- 1.6 This By-law does not apply to city employees except where a city employee makes a confidential request, or submits a complaint, against a Council Member or Advisory Board Member alleging a breach of this By-law. For clarity, all complaints by city employees against a Council Member or Advisory Board Member alleging a breach of this By-law will be subject to the complaint and resolution procedures set out in Part 6 of this By-law.

- 1.7 In the event of a conflict between this By-law and another city by-law or policy governing member conduct, this By-law prevails.
- 1.8 This By-law does not apply to conduct that may subject a member to disqualification under the *Vancouver Charter*, including sections 140(4), 143(4), and 145.3 to 145.911.
- 1.9 This By-law does not apply to a member's conduct in their personal life, except to the extent that such conduct reasonably undermines, or has the potential to reasonably undermine, public confidence in city governance.

Severability

1.10 A decision by a court that any part of this By-law is illegal, void, or unenforceable severs that part from this By-law, and is not to affect the balance of this By-law.

PART 2 STANDARDS AND VALUES

- 2. A member must uphold the following standards and values:
 - a) competence: a member must act competently and diligently;
 - b) fairness: a member must consider all issues consistently and fairly, and in light of all relevant facts, opinions and analysis of which a member should be reasonably aware;
 - c) integrity: a member must avoid improper use of influence and avoid all conflicts of interest, both apparent and real;
 - d) leadership in the public interest: a member must act personally, and jointly with other Members, in the best interests of the city as a whole, and without regard to the member's personal interests;
 - e) respect: a member must treat members of the public, one another, and staff respectfully, without abuse, bullying or intimidation and ensure that the work environment is free from discrimination and harassment:
 - f) responsibility: a member must respect and comply with the Acts of the Parliament of Canada, the Legislature of British Columbia, including the *Vancouver Charter*, city by-laws, and applicable city policies, and avoid conduct that, reasonably, undermines, or has the potential to undermine, public confidence in city governance, except members may participate in peaceful civil disobedience; and
 - g) transparency: a member must to conduct their duties in an open and transparent manner, except where this conflicts with their duties to protect confidential information.

PART 3 COMMUNICATIONS AND CONFIDENTIALITY

Public Communications by a Council Member

- 3.1 A Council Member must not communicate on behalf of the city unless authorized to do so by Council resolution or by virtue of a position or role the member has been authorized to undertake by Council.
- 3.2 A statement or communication made by a Council Member is presumed to be made on the Council Member's own behalf, not the city's behalf.
- 3.3 Where a Council Member is authorized to communicate on behalf of the city, the Council Member must take reasonable efforts to ensure that the communication is fair and accurate.
- 3.4 Without limiting the ability of a Council Member to hold a position on an issue and respectfully express their opinions, a Council Member must:
 - a) ensure that their communications accurately reflect the facts of Council decisions;
 - b) ensure that all communications relating to Council business are accurate and not issue any communication that the member knows, or ought to have known, to be false; and
 - c) ensure that all communications by, and on behalf of a member, including communications made via social media, are respectful and do not discriminate, harass, or defame any person, recognizing that free and open debate is guaranteed under the *Charter of Rights and Freedoms*.

Confidential Information

- 3.5 A member must:
 - a) not disclose or release any confidential information acquired by virtue of their office, except as authorized by Council, or required by law;
 - b) not use confidential information with the intention to cause harm or detriment to Council, the city or any other person or body;
 - c) protect confidential information from inadvertent disclosure;
 - d) use confidential information only for the purpose for which it is intended to be used;
 - e) take reasonable care to prevent the examination of confidential information by unauthorized individuals; and
 - f) not take advantage of, or obtain private benefit from, confidential information acquired by virtue of their office.

- 3.6 A member must access and use city information only in the normal course of their duties.
- 3.7 A member must retain records and other information in accordance with the procedures, standards, and guidelines established by the city, including the Records Management By-law No. 9067, as amended, and must assist the city in good faith in responding to all requests for information made pursuant to the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
- 3.8 A member must comply with the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* when dealing with personal information and take all reasonable and necessary measures to ensure that personal information is protected.

PART 4 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Conflicts of Interest

4.1 A Council Member must comply with the conflict of interest requirements set out in sections 145.2 to 145.911 of the *Vancouver Charter*.

Use of Municipal Assets and Services

- 4.2 A member may not direct the work of city employees, other than city employees assigned to assist a member, and should follow the processes established by the City Manager when communicating with city employees.
- 4.3 A member must respect that it is the role of city employees to provide neutral and objective information without undue influence and interference.
- 4.4 A member must not request or require city employees to undertake personal or private work on behalf of a member, or accept an offer to perform such work from a city employee.
- 4.5 A member must not use, or permit the use of, city land, facilities, equipment, supplies, services, employees or other resources for activities other than the business of the city, except in accordance with city policies permitting reasonable personal use.
- 4.6 A member must not instruct, or direct any of the city's contractors, tenders, consultants or other service providers regarding city business.

Use of Influence

- 4.7 A member must only use the influence of their office for the exercise of their duties.
- 4.8 A member must be independent and impartial, and must not provide preferential treatment to any person or organization expect as warranted by the ordinary and lawful discharge of their duties.

- 4.9 A member must not use the prospect of future employment by a person or entity, or other future economic opportunities, to detrimentally affect the performance of their duties.
- 4.10 A member must not use, or attempt to use, their office for the purpose of intimidating, improperly influencing, threatening, or coercing city employees.

Election Activities

- 4.11 A member must not use, or permit the use of, city land, facilities, equipment, supplies, services, employees or other resources for any election campaign or campaign-related activities, unless those resources are similarly available to all candidates and any associated fees have been paid for with election campaign funds.
- 4.12 A member must not compel city employees to engage in partisan political activities or be subjected to threats or discrimination for refusing to engage in such activities.

Gift or Personal Benefit

- 4.13 A member must not accept a gift or personal benefit that is connected directly or indirectly with the performance of their duties unless permitted by the exceptions listed in sections 4.14 and 4.15.
- 4.14 A Council Member may accept a gift or personal benefit if it is:
 - a) received as an incident of the protocol of social obligations that normally accompany the responsibilities of office;
 - b) compensation authorized by law; or
 - c) a lawful contribution made to a member who is a candidate for election conducted under the Vancouver Charter or Part 3 of the *Local Government Act*.
- 4.15 An Advisory Board Member may accept a gift or personal benefit if it:
 - a) has a value under \$50; and
 - b) is received as an incident of protocol or as a city representative for an activity reasonably related to their role with the city.
- 4.16 If a Council Member accepts a gift or personal benefit pursuant to section 4.14(a), and if the total value of the gift or personal benefit exceeds \$50, or the total value of the gift or personal benefit received from one source during the calendar year exceeds \$100, the Council Member must within 30 days of receipt of the gift or personal benefit, or reaching the annual limit, file a disclosure statement with the City Clerk. The disclosure statement must set out:
 - a) the name of the Council Member;

- b) the nature of the gift or personal benefit, by description, photograph, or both;
- c) the date the gift or personal benefit was received;
- d) the estimated value of the gift or personal benefit;
- e) the source of the gift or personal benefit, including, if it is from a corporation, the full names and addresses of at least 2 individuals who are directors of the corporation;
- f) the circumstances under which the gift or personal benefit was given; and
- g) the final disposition of the gift or personal benefit.
- 4.17 If a member is unable, or elects not, to accept a gift or personal benefit, a member must as soon as practicable, either:
 - return the gift or personal benefit to the donor along with an explanation as to why the gift or personal benefit cannot, or will not, be accepted; or
 - b) turn the gift or personal benefit over to the City Clerk for disposition.
- 4.18 A gift or personal benefit turned over to the City Clerk is deemed property of the City. At the City Clerk's discretion, a gift or personal benefit may be disposed of as follows:
 - a) returned to the donor;
 - b) displayed in individual offices, general offices, or in the public areas of City Hall; or
 - c) disposed of by donation, sale or auction, with any proceeds credited to the city's general revenues or to the direct or indirect support of a charitable organization.
- 4.19 A gift or personal benefit provided to a member's spouse, child or parent, or the member's staff, that to the member's knowledge, is connected directly or indirectly to the performance of the member's duties is deemed to be a gift or personal benefit to that member.

Orientation and Training Attendance

- 4.20 Council Members must attend all orientation training and educational sessions identified as mandatory by the Integrity Commissioner unless doing so is not practically possible, or the absence is approved by resolution of Council. Absences by a Council Member contrary to this section will be noted in an annual report to be published by the Integrity Commissioner.
- 4.21 Advisory Board Members must attend a minimum of four (4) hours of educational sessions each year provided by the Integrity Commissioner on key topics of conflicts of interest, Code of Conduct and communications unless doing so is not practically

possible, or the absence is approved by resolution of Council. Failure by an Advisory Board Member to attend minimum hours of educational sessions contrary to this section will be noted in an annual report to be published by the Integrity Commissioner.

PART 5 APPOINTMENT OF INTEGRITY COMMISSIONER

Appointment of an Integrity Commissioner

- 5.1 Council must appoint an Integrity Commissioner to undertake the duties and responsibilities set out in this By-law.
- 5.2 The appointment of an Integrity Commissioner must be for a set period of two (2) years. An Integrity Commissioner may be appointed for more than one term.
- 5.3 At the request of the Integrity Commissioner, Council may suspend the appointment for a mutually agreed period of time.
- 5.4 Council will not terminate an Integrity Commissioner except for cause.
- 5.5 The appointment of an Integrity Commissioner may only be made, suspended, or terminated by a 2/3 vote of all Council Members.

Interim of Ad Hoc Appointment

- 5.6 The City Manager may appoint an ad hoc Integrity Commissioner in the following circumstances:
 - a) if the City has not yet entered into a contract for the appointment of an Integrity Commissioner;
 - b) in the interim period between the expiry of the appointment of one Integrity Commissioner and the appointment of a new Integrity Commissioner; or
 - c) if the appointed Integrity Commissioner is unable or unwilling to act.

Duties and Responsibilities

- 5.7 The duties and responsibilities of the Integrity Commissioner are as follows:
 - a) provide advice and recommendations to a member on questions of compliance with this By-law where requested to do so by that member;
 - b) provide advice and recommendations to a Council Member, regarding their compliance or disclosure obligations under a provincial statute, such as the *Financial Disclosure Act*, or other such statute that imposes an express compliance or disclosure obligation on the Council Member due to their position as an elected official, where requested to do so by a Council Member;

- prepare written materials and content for the city's website for distribution to, and use by, the public, to aid in their understanding of the role of the Integrity Commissioner and the ethical obligations and responsibilities of members under this By-law;
- d) deliver educational programs regarding the role of the Integrity Commissioner and the ethical obligations and responsibilities of members under this By-law;
- e) assist with informal resolution of confidential requests and complaints;
- f) receive and assess all complaints to determine if the complaint must be rejected, closed, resolved or investigated;
- g) investigate and conduct inquiries as to violation of this By-law;
- h) report to Council as to whether a member has breached this By-law;
- i) make recommendations on an appropriate remedy if a member has breached this By-law;
- j) make recommendations to Council on whether to reimburse legal fees reasonably incurred by a Member in relation to a complaint;
- k) submit an annual budget for approval by Council; and
- December 1 each year that includes a summary of the work of the Integrity Commissioner and any advice or recommendations that the Integrity Commissioner has to improve the text or operation of this By-law.
- 5.8 The Integrity Commissioner must perform the duties and responsibilities of their office in an independent manner.

Powers after Resignation or Expiry of Term

- 5.9 If the Integrity Commissioner resigns or their appointment expires, the City Manager may authorize that individual to continue to exercise the powers of the Integrity Commissioner in regards to any complaint received before the end of their term.
- 5.10 An authorization under section 5.9 continues until the complaint which is the subject of the authorization is rejected, closed, resolved informally, or a written investigation report is delivered to Council.

PART 6 COMPLAINT AND RESOLUTION PROCEDURES

Confidential Requests

6.1 If a person believes that they have been subject to conduct by a member in breach of this By-law, that person may approach the Integrity Commissioner on a confidential

basis, without the need to file a complaint, to request that the Integrity Commissioner inform the member of the alleged breach. Upon receipt of the confidential request, the Integrity Commissioner may attempt to address the conduct with the member.

6.2 The Integrity Commissioner must protect the confidentiality of a person making a request under section 6.1, unless the person making the request consents to disclosure.

Complaint Procedure

- 6.3 Any person may submit a complaint to the Integrity Commissioner.
- 6.4 A complaint must be in writing and describe with sufficient detail:
 - a) the name of the complainant;
 - b) the name of the respondent;
 - c) the conduct that the complainant alleges to have breached this By-law;
 - d) the date of the alleged conduct;
 - e) the part or parts of this By-law that the complainant alleges has or have been breached; and
 - f) the basis for the complainant's knowledge about the conduct.
- 6.5 A complainant may specify in the complaint if they are willing to participate in an informal resolution of the complaint.
- 6.6 The Integrity Commissioner may prescribe a form for submitting a complaint.
- 6.7 Provided that a complaint has been submitted, the Integrity Commissioner may accept a complaint, notwithstanding that the form of the complaint does not comply with all of the requirements set out in section 6.4 if, in the Integrity Commissioner's opinion, the circumstances warrant.
- 6.8 The Integrity Commissioner must not accept multiple complaints concerning the same matter. In the event that the Integrity Commissioner receives multiple complaints concerning the same matter, the Commissioner must proceed with the first complaint accepted, but may expand the complaint and/or add complainants for the purpose of conducting the investigation and preparing the investigation report.
- 6.9 The Integrity Commissioner must reject a complaint received more than 180 days after the complainant knew or reasonably ought to have known of the alleged breach of this By-law.
- 6.10 The Integrity Commissioner must reject a complaint received regarding a Council member seeking re-election in the period from the last day of the nomination period to the general voting day.

6.11 In the period 90 days prior to general voting day, the Integrity Commissioner may suspend any investigation underway until the day after the general voting day.

Complaint Outside of Jurisdiction

- 6.12 The Integrity Commissioner has the authority to investigate a complaint alleging that a member is in breach of this By-law.
- 6.13 If a complaint is submitted that, on its face, is not made with respect to a breach of this By-law, or if a complaint would be more appropriately addressed through another process, including if the complaint is:
 - a) an allegation of a criminal nature consistent with the Criminal Code;
 - b) with respect to non-compliance with the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*;
 - c) with respect to conduct that may subject a member to disqualification pursuant to sections 140(4), 143(4) and 145.3 to 145.911 of the *Vancouver Charter*;
 - d) with respect to non-compliance with a more specific Council policy or bylaw with a separate complaint procedure; or
 - e) with respect to a matter that is subject to another outstanding process, such as a court proceeding or a Human Rights complaint,

the Integrity Commissioner must reject the complaint, or part of the complaint, and must notify the complainant in writing that the complaint is not within the jurisdiction of this By-law, or that the complaint would be more appropriately addressed through another process, as the case may be, and set out any additional reasons and referrals the Integrity Commissioner considers appropriate.

6.14 Where a complaint is made against a Council Member and the complaint procedure overlaps with a municipal election and the Council Member is not re-elected in that election, the Integrity Commissioner must notify the complainant and the Council Member in writing that the Integrity Commissioner is closing the complaint on this basis and close the complaint.

Preliminary Assessment

- 6.15 On receipt of a complaint, the Integrity Commissioner must conduct a preliminary assessment and if at that time, or any time thereafter, the Integrity Commissioner of the opinion that:
 - a) the statement is not with respect to a breach of this By-law;
 - b) the complaint is frivolous, vexatious, or not made in good faith;
 - c) an investigation of the complaint would not be in the public interest;

- d) the investigation is, or might be, hampered, or the member might be prejudiced by the complainant's failure to provide a complaint in compliance with section 6.4, or otherwise cooperate with the investigation;
- e) the complainant wishes to withdraw the complaint, and it would be appropriate in the circumstances to allow the withdrawal; or
- f) there are no grounds or insufficient grounds for concluding that a violation of this By-law has occurred,

the Integrity Commissioner must notify the complainant and the respondent in writing that the Integrity Commissioner is closing the complaint, set out the reasons therefore, and close the complaint.

6.16 Notwithstanding section 6.15, the Integrity Commissioner may request further information from the complainant before determining whether or not there are sufficient grounds for believing that a breach of this By-law may have occurred.

Informal Resolution

- 6.17 When the Integrity Commissioner has decided to proceed with a complaint, the Integrity Commissioner must determine whether the complaint requires a formal investigation, or whether the complaint may be resolved informally. In the latter case, the Integrity Commissioner may, at their discretion, either attempt to resolve the complaint directly, or refer the complaint to:
 - a) the Mayor, if the complaint is made by a member, unless the complaint is against the Mayor, in which case the complaint will be referred to the Deputy Mayor; or
 - b) the City Manager, if the complaint is made by a City employee or the public.
- 6.18 When determining whether the complaint may be resolved informally, the Integrity Commissioner may consider culturally appropriate, or transformative or restorative justice approaches, and may engage a third party to assist the Integrity Commissioner for this purpose.
- 6.19 Where the Integrity Commissioner refers the complaint in accordance with section 6.17, the Mayor, the Deputy Mayor, or the City Manager, as the case may be, may agree to assist in resolving the complaint directly, or may appoint a third party to assist in resolving the complaint at their discretion.
- 6.20 The person assisting in the informal resolution of a complaint will assess the suitability of the complaint for settlement or resolution on an ongoing basis and may decline to assist at any point.
- 6.21 The complainant, or the respondent, can decline to participate in an informal resolution at any time.

- 6.22 If a complaint is resolved informally, the person assisting in resolving the complaint must notify the Integrity Commissioner in writing of the terms of the resolution, upon receipt of which, the Integrity Commissioner must close the complaint.
- 6.23 If a complaint cannot be resolved informally, the person assisting in resolving the complaint must refer the complaint back to the Integrity Commissioner for a formal investigation.

Formal Resolution

- 6.24 If a complaint is not rejected, closed, or resolved informally, the Integrity Commissioner must proceed with a formal investigation.
- 6.25 The Integrity Commissioner must serve the complaint on the respondent with a request that the respondent provide a written response to the complaint together with any submissions the respondent chooses to make within 10 days, subject to the Integrity Commissioner's discretion to extend the timeline.
- 6.26 The Integrity Commissioner may serve the complainant with the respondent's written response together with any submissions, on a strictly confidential basis, and request a reply in writing within 10 days, subject to the Integrity Commissioner's discretion to extend the timeline.
- 6.27 The Integrity Commissioner may:
 - a) speak to anyone relevant to the complaint;
 - b) request disclosure of documents relevant to the complaint; or
 - c) access any record in the possession or control of the city, except a record that is subject to privilege.
- 6.28 The Integrity Commissioner must ensure that the formal investigation complies with the rules of procedural fairness and natural justice required in the circumstances.
- 6.28.A The Integrity Commissioner may suspend any investigation underway for the purpose of attempting to resolve the complaint informally, either at the Integrity Commissioner's own determination, or at the request of a party to the investigation.

Adjudication and Reporting

- 6.29 The Integrity Commissioner must make a decision within 90 days of making a decision to proceed with a formal investigation, unless section 6.11 or section 6.28A applies, or the Integrity Commissioner determines that doing so is not practicable, in which case the Integrity Commissioner must notify the complainant and respondent of the delay and provide a revised decision date. The revised decision date may be extended by periods of up to 30 days on provision of written notice to the complainant and the respondent.
- 6.30 A notification issued pursuant to sections 6.13, 6.14, 6.15 or 6.29 is confidential and must not be disclosed except in the following circumstances:

- a) the Integrity Commissioner may use information in the notice in an annual report in the form of context and statistics;
- the Integrity Commissioner may prepare an anonymized bulletin based on the notice if the Integrity Commissioner believes that doing so would be of public benefit;
- c) to Council for the purpose of considering a resolution for reimbursement of legal fees pursuant to section 6.44; and
- the respondent may disclose the fact that the complaint has been closed, or that a finding has been made that the respondent did not breach this By-law; and
- e) the Integrity Commissioner must disclose the notice to the City Manager, where the Complaint is made by an employee and the subject of the complaint may be subject to City employment policies or applicable employment related legislation, including the Human Rights Code, and the Workers Compensation Act.
- 6.31 If after reviewing all material information, the Integrity Commissioner determines that the respondent did not violate this By-law, then:
 - a) Integrity Commissioner must prepare a written investigation report providing reasons for their determination that the member did not breach the By-Law;
 - b) the Integrity Commissioner must deliver a copy of the investigation report to the complainant, respondent and Council; and
 - c) the Integrity Commissioner must make the investigation report available to public forty eight (48) hours after delivery of the investigation report to the complaint, respondent and Council.
- 6.32 If after reviewing all material information the Integrity Commissioner determines that a member did violate this By-law then:
 - a) the Integrity Commissioner must prepare a written investigation report providing reasons for their determination that the member breached this By-law;
 - b) the investigation report will make recommendations as to the appropriate sanction for the breach;
 - c) if the Integrity Commissioner determines that a member did breach this Bylaw, but that the member took all reasonable steps to prevent it, or that it was trivial or done inadvertently or because of an error in judgment made in good faith, the Integrity Commissioner will so state in the investigation report and may recommend that no sanction be imposed;

- d) the Integrity Commissioner must deliver, on a strictly confidential basis, a copy of the investigation report to the respondent; and
- e) the Integrity Commissioner must deliver a copy of the investigation report to the complainant and Council forty eight (48) hours after delivery of the investigation report to the respondent; and
- f) the Integrity Commissioner must make the investigation report available to public after delivery of the investigation report to the complainant and Council.
- 6.33 The Integrity Commissioner must ensure that the investigation report as drafted complies with the city's obligations regarding disclosure of personal information set out in the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*, or ensure that appropriate redactions are applied prior to release to the public.

Final Determination by Council

- 6.34 Council must, within 30 days of delivery of the investigation report pursuant to section 6.32 (e), or a longer period if approved by a vote of Council, decide on the appropriate measures, if any, that are warranted by the breach of this By-law, and will take such actions as Council considers appropriate in the circumstances.
- 6.35 Prior to Council making any decision regarding the findings and recommendations set out in the investigative report, the respondent must be provided with an opportunity, either in person or in writing, to comment on the decision and any recommended censure, sanctions or corrective actions.
- 6.36 While an investigation report provided to Council may be considered in a closed meeting for the purpose of receiving legal advice, or other valid reason, when Council deliberates and votes on the investigation report, it will do so in a public meeting and the investigation report must be made available to the public in a form that complies with section 6.33.

Remedies

- 6.37 Sanctions that may be imposed for violating this By-law include the following:
 - a) a letter of reprimand from Council addressed to the member;
 - b) a request from Council that the member issue a letter of apology;
 - c) the publication of a letter of reprimand and a request for apology by the Integrity Commissioner, and the member's written response;
 - d) a recommendation that the member attend specific training or counselling;
 - e) suspension or removal of the appointment of a Council Member as the Deputy Mayor;

- f) suspension or removal of the Council Member from some or all Council committees and bodies to which the Council Member was appointed by Council;
- g) termination of the Advisory Board Member's appointment from the advisory committee, task force, commission, board, or other Council-established body to which the Advisory Board Member was appointed by Council; and
- h) public censure of a member.

Confidentiality of the Investigation

- 6.38 The Integrity Commissioner must make all reasonable efforts to investigate complaints in confidence.
- 6.39 The Integrity Commissioner and every person acting under the Integrity Commissioner's instructions must preserve confidentiality with respect to all matters that come into the Integrity Commissioner's knowledge in the course of any investigation or complaint except as required by law.
- 6.40 An investigation report must only disclose such matters as in the Integrity Commissioner's opinion are necessary for the purpose of the investigation report.

Reprisals and Obstruction

- 6.41 No member or City employee will obstruct the Integrity Commissioner in the carrying out of the Integrity Commissioner's duties or responsibilities.
- 6.42 No member or City employee will threaten or undertake any active reprisal against a complainant or against a person who provides information to the Integrity Commissioner in the context of an investigation.
- 6.43 No member or City employee will tamper with or destroy documents or electronic records related to any matter under investigation under this By-law or refuse to respond to the Integrity Commissioner when questioned regarding an investigation.

Reimbursement of Costs

6.44 If appropriate after considering all circumstances, Council may resolve to reimburse legal fees reasonably incurred by a Council Member in relation to a complaint in accordance with the provisions of the *Vancouver Charter*.

PART 7 ENACTMENT

Force and effect

7. This By-law is to co	me in	to force	e and take effect o	n the date of its enactment.
ENACTED by Council this	9 th	day of	February, 2021	
			<u>Signed</u>	<u>"Kennedy Stewart"</u> Mayor
			<u>Signed</u>	<u>"Rosemary Hagiwara"</u> Acting City Clerk